

## THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

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## ANNEXATION IN AMERICAN POLITICS.

The relations which Democratic politics have in the United States to the annexation question are of a kind to make the reform elements of Hawaii confident of good results to their cause. In the first place, the experience gained from civil-war politics has made Democratic leaders extremely wary of the negative or dissentient position toward any issue which savors of patriotism or the glory of the flag. It was such an attitude during the administration of President Lincoln which kept the Democratic party out of power for twenty-four years; and it is remembered that after it had gained the goal it was driven away, partly because of the critical position which Mr. Cleveland took toward veteran pensioners and the political rewards he had heaped upon men who had rebelled against the Government and fought four years to make themselves foreigners in their own country. After conning object lessons of this kind, of which they and theirs were the sufferers, it is difficult to suppose that Democratic statesmen will rush blindly into another scheme so unpatriotic as to repel American advance in these islands and make permanent the act of April 1st, by which the Stars and Stripes were ignominiously hauled down. Already the Republicans have made abundant capital at their expense. Will Mr. Cleveland have the faculty to let them make more by going to the indecent and unpatriotic lengths prescribed by Nordhoff and his ilk? We think not.

There is another angle to this question. Mr. Cleveland cannot afford to get his party into any more trouble than that which now encompasses it. The administration in power is always held responsible in America for hard times, and then comes the cry for "a change," which few parties can prevail against. It will be impossible, we think, for the Democrats to carry the next Congress. The Presidential election of 1896, if business depression continues, can only be saved to the dominant party by the exercise of the utmost prudence and wisdom; and both these considerations would oppose an act which should give the Republicans a chance to lodge a charge of un-Americanism against Mr. Cleveland in addition to the one of responsibility for the distress of the business and laboring classes.

If the failure to annex these Islands would embarrass the Democratic canvass the acceptance of the offer of the Provisional Government might, with proper provisions made for Hawaiian statehood, aid it in a most material way. There would be gained first the prestige born of an American policy—a widening of the national domain, a strengthening of the American defenses. Then would come the aid to be derived from the voters of the new commonwealth among whom the Democratic propaganda could busy itself with immediate profit. There are votes to be had in Hawaii at a time when votes may be badly needed.

These are the American political aspects of annexation merely. There are other phases of the question which have to do with common justice to the whites and common good to the natives; with defense and commerce; with protection from foreign powers; with Christianity and the spread of civilization; with manifest destiny and manifest duty. These have been debated before and will be again, so it is not necessary to repeat them now. The one point of this discussion is that the present administration of the United States cannot afford, as a simple matter of politics, to let these Islands go.

If this country had a grand jury system the way would not be easy for Tom, Dick and Harry to bring criminal suits for the sake of menace, coercion or annoyance. In the matter of libel proceedings especially, there would be a welcome reform—welcome not more to the publishers than to the courts and the community. As at present constituted, the laws permit a man with a private grievance, at his own option, to gag the press in its discussion of important measures, and even of public enemies. That sort of thing is a common injury.

NEXT Monday the extra session of Congress will begin. According to the World interviews with leading Senators and Representatives an effort will be made to repeal both the Sherman bill and the McKinley act. As the Republicans may filibuster when the tariff question comes up, it would surprise no one should the extra session be prolonged for two or three months—perhaps till the regular session opens in December.

The failure of Jay Cooke & Co., and a few other commercial collapses in 1873 opened a six-year era of hard times in the United States. If signs go for anything the business history of that period is about to repeat itself with a close attention to detail. Nothing short of a foreign war can save America from a long period of enforced economy.

THE STAR now circulates on all the islands, but is without a correspondent on Maui, Kauai and Molokai. The way is open for anybody there to fill the hiatus with a weekly chronicle of news events. This paper will be pleased to enter into negotiations on the subject as soon as possible with any resident of the territory named.

NORDHOFF has written the Herald from San Diego giving five "reasons" why Liliuokalani should be restored. If Spreckels has been generous, each reason ought to be worth \$100 to the enterprising correspondent.

THE New York Sun gives it as a deliberate opinion that Charles Nordhoff is crazy.

## COMMENT ON HAWAII.

Extracts From Leading Journals of the United States.

The fact is, the more Mr. Stevens' conduct is looked into as Minister the more will it be found that his part was that of an intelligent, patriotic American official. The Spreckels Sugar Plant cannot rub the facts out, either.—N. Y. Advertiser.

Since Blount's arrival in Honolulu the Provisional Government, which the Herald says has not the support of the Hawaiian people, has had no moral or physical aid from the United States and yet it still exists.—N. Y. Advertiser.

When the Queen left the throne and the American flag was raised, every paper in the United States that opposed annexation proclaimed earnestly that it was a scheme of Spreckels, and there fore not to be trusted or favored. Now that he himself is adverse to annexation, they must, to be logical, acknowledge that this would be the best policy.—Portland (Or.) Telegram.

It has been demonstrated beyond question that the charge which has been made by certain American newspapers that the leading Annexationists were corrupt adventurers was a reckless and malignant falsehood. The venomous antagonism of Monopolist Claus Spreckels to annexation has served to aid the movement by exposing the real character of the forces that were opposed to it.—New York Press.

Hawaii will not consent to remain very much longer in the present situation of doubt and uncertainty, and if the authorities should offer the Islands to Great Britain, France or Germany, what could we do with Mr. Facing Both-Ways Cleveland at the head of affairs? The answer to any remonstrance we might offer would be that the United States has no right to play the part of dog in the manger, and that if we do not care to accept the offer made us we cannot be concerned with the destiny and sovereignty of the Hawaiian Islands.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The Government which now exists in those Islands has asked that they be admitted as a part of this Union, and it would be only fair that this Government give some attention to their request.—San Francisco World.

The Hawaiians, believing, it is said, that Cleveland will refuse the offer of the Islands as United States territory, show an increasing inclination to make overtures to England. That country would absorb the rich territory without straining or gagging, and have an elegant outpost at our very gates in case any serious trouble ever arose between the two countries. Now, what right has the President, who is the chief executive officer, and not the sole dictator of this country, to refuse such an offer made to the whole people? Or is it only his ponderous blundering way of putting things that gives that impression? At any rate it should be understood that the majority of the people are plainly in favor of acquiring Hawaii.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

Mr. Bennett should close the columns of the Herald against the Sandwich Island monarchy-loving Nordhoff. As a correspondent Nordhoff has served Sugar King Spreckels, not the great journal that paid his bills. Nordhoff is not insane, as our contemporary the Sun appears to think, but his brain is in the first stages of paresis.—New York Recorder.

If the present Government has not the support of the people, how does it happen that it exists months and months after the United States troops have been withdrawn and the flag hauled down under the orders of Blount? Why do not the people rise and restore the monarchy?—New York Recorder.

Mr. Claus Spreckels is said to be threatened in the Sandwich Islands. Well, the Sugar King has been threatening. He has been too conspicuous and previous. It is time his subsidies should be withdrawn and the joys of emigration placed before him. Also, he should pay a graded income tax of thirty three per cent.—Murat Halstead, Brooklyn Standard-Union.

Nordhoff and his newspaper are now actually advocating the re-establishment of monarchy in Hawaii, and the restoration of a ridiculous Queen to the throne that was upset last January. Mr. Nordhoff and the Herald seem anxious that this republic should undertake the job. Personal pique and disappointment can be dwelt upon and brooded over by minds of a certain type until the reason is shaken, if not actually overthrown.—Oakland Tribune.

Every annexation has been a success. Not one has brought an injury. Who is so lacking in sentiment or sense as to wish that Florida was not a part of the United States, and Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas, California, Oregon, Washington and Alaska were foreign territory? What voice of apprehension has been justified? What failure has there been to fill this immense territory with an assimilated population? What danger of domestic strife has come from these new territories?—Independent.

Hawaii is a special and peculiar opportunity. It is already predominantly American. Its controlling population is of good Yankee origin. Its civilization is American. Its native population is educated by American schools, in American Christianity, and respects and loves our country. If there was a sentiment of loyalty to an hereditary monarchy it has nearly passed away. It was very curious to observe how the white Hawaiians carefully fostered and kept in place that native dynasty as long as they could, just for the sake of being careful not to interfere with rights which can never be real in the minds of those who believe in liberty and human equality. Now the time has come for this Americanized people to become part of America, and it is astounding that we should hesitate and seem to be thrusting away those who would come to us.—Independent.

Hawaii knocks at our doors and offers to come into the fold of States and Territories at no cost to this Government. There is no question about the value of the country's resources. It is a tropic land of great fertility of soil, with immense enterprises already profitable under way. As a strategic point in the event of war the Islands have special value. On the other hand the distance from the mainland makes the group a source of care, and social conditions on the Islands are at variance with the national policy.

Commissioner Blount's report is awaited with interest. It favors annexation the President will, in all probability, send a treaty to the Senate soon after the silver question is settled. Without seeing the Commissioner's report the balance of argument appears to be in favor of annexation.—Kansas City Times.

Under the circumstances, should Congress fail to take any action on Hawaii the Provisional Government will be fully justified in entering into negotiations with England. They have given this country the first chance, and if we ignore or neglect it we cannot blame these people for making the best terms in their power with another nation.—San Francisco Chronicle.

## BY AUTHORITY.

## ACT 43.

AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE AN ADDITIONAL SUM OF MONEY TO DEFRAY THE GENERAL EXPENSES OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Be it enacted by the Executive and Advisory Councils of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands:

SECTION 1. There is hereby appropriated the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) from the Public Treasury, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

SEC. 2. This Act shall take effect upon publication.

Approved this 1st day of August A.D., 1893.  
(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE,  
President of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

(Signed) J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior.

SALE OF LEASE OF CROWN LAND IN NORTH KONA, ISLAND OF HAWAII.

By order of the Commissioners of Crown Lands, Mr. James F. Morgan will sell at public auction, at his salesrooms, on THURSDAY, August 10th next, at 12 o'clock noon, the lease of that tract of land situate at North Kona, Island of Hawaii, known as the Ahupua'a of Puuwaawaa and containing 40,000 acres, more or less.

Term, 25 years.

Rent, (upset) \$350 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

The Lease to be sold under the following conditions:

1st.—To keep up the Forest to its present aggregate area.

2d.—To keep the Lantana from making any further headway.

3d.—To put upon the land within 3 years from commencement of lease substantial improvements of a permanent character to the value of \$5000.

Intending bidders must previous to the sale, satisfy the Commissioners of their financial ability to carry out the covenants of the proposed lease.

For further particulars, apply to C. P. LAUKEA,

Agent of Crown Lands, at the Court House, Office Commissioners of Crown Lands, Honolulu, July 17th, 1893.

## By Authority.

## WATER NOTICE.

Owing to the drought and scarcity of water, the residents above Judd Street are requested to collect what water they may require for household purposes before 8 o'clock A.M.

ANDREW BROWN,  
Supt. Honolulu Water Works.  
107-11

## TAX OFFICE NOTICE.

All personal taxes, that is, Poll tax, Road tax and School tax, shall be due and payable on and after the first day of July.

In case of personal taxes due and unpaid on the first day of August, if no personal property can be found whereon to distraint the Assessor may and is hereby authorized to cause the arrest and detention of the person of such tax payer by and under a warrant issued and signed by the Assessor or his deputy to show cause, if any he has, why he should not be sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor until he discharge the amount of said tax and costs as by law provided.

No exemptions shall be allowed from personal taxes unless the parties claiming such exemption shall notify the Assessor of the Division during the month of July of each year of such claims and the grounds thereof.

JONATHAN SHAW,  
Assessor 1st Division.  
Approved by S. M. DAMON,  
Minister of Finance.

## New Advertisements.

## NOTICE.

MY STORE ON CORNER OF FORT and Hotel Streets is to let and fixtures for sale. Inquire of CHAS. J. FISHEL, 107-1-11m.

## IT IS EASY

## TO BRAG

but decidedly of more value to have Your Work speak for itself.

We base our claim upon the actual Results obtained in the past, in the correction of all visual defects, no matter how complicated.

We grind lenses specially needed for complicated cases, insuring an absolute fit.

Is this of any value to you, or do you prefer buying your Glasses at haphazard, not knowing if they help or injure your eyes.

Would you give your eye sight for all you possess? Not if you know it. Then give them proper care while you have them; and when you feel they need attention, always consult

## H. F. WICHMAN

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN,  
517 Fort Street.

## California Feed Co.

T. J. KING AND J. N. WRIGHT.

## LIMITED.

COR. FORT & KING STS.

## A FEW OF OUR SPECIALTIES.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF "SUPERIOR"

Stoves and Ranges

"EUREKA" RANGES,

"CLIPPER" CABOSES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

FRENCH RANGES set in brick.

AGATE IRON WARE, AND TIN WARE,

"COLUMBUS" WROUGHT STEEL SINKS, Galvanized and White Enameled,

RUBBER HOSE, CAL. LAWN SPRINKLERS.

Sheet Metal Goods in Tin, Copper or Galvanized Iron on hand or made to order.

Full line of Sanitary Goods, B. th. Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Pipe and Fittings.

We are equipped for work of all kinds in the Sheet Metal and Plumbing Trade, and can guarantee thorough workmanship and first class materials in these lines.

We solicit your patronage.

J. Emmeluth & Co.

No. 6 Nuuanu st., and 104 Merchant st.

C. R. COLLINS,

Practical Harness Maker

Saddler and Carriage Trimmer.

Repairs in the above branches, a specialty.

Charges Moderate.

Personal attention given to all work.

42 King St., Next to Murray's carriage shop

77 3W

## General Advertisements.

## We are Still Importing

Goods.

Among other things the bark "G. N. Wilcox" brought us the following:

Hubbuck's Genuine, No. 1 and No. 3 White Lead, in 25, 50 or 100 lb. iron kegs.

Hubbuck's White Zinc, Red Lead, pale boiled and raw Oil. Stockholm and Coal Tar, in barrels or drums. Castile Soap, Shot, BB to No. 10, Punched Horse Shoes, Sal Soda, galv'd Anchors, Brush

Door Mats, flexible steel and iron Wire Rope, Seine Twine, Harris' Harness Liquid, Da/

and galv'd 1/4 to 3/8; galv'd Sheet Iron, No. 16 to 26;

Tinned Wire, Copper Wire, No. 10 to 20, black and galv'd

Fence Wire, Nos. 4, 5 and 6, Blue Mottled Soap, Anvils,

70 to 200 lbs.; Blacksmith's Vises, all sizes; a large asmt.

of Bar Iron, kegs Dry Venetian Red, Yellow Ochre, Ultr.

Blue, Paris Green, Metallic Paint, etc.

Also, received ex Australia, 2600 asst'd Elect. Lamps, Hose, Butcher Knives, Carvers, Carriage Gloss Paint, Sulphur Bellows, Scissors, Shoe, Paint and Varnish Brushes;

Buckles, Picture Cord, Furniture Nails, Tape Measures, Jennings Bits, Yale Padlocks,

Oilers, galv'd Swivels, White Shellac, Gold Leaf, Leather Washers, and at last our fine

asmt. of Wostenholm Pocket Knives and Razors has got

here.

We were almost out of those fine swing Razor Stropps, but have a new lot this steamer.

We have a full line of Electrical Goods, and can wire

houses for Electric Lights on short notice. Now is the time

to leave your order for wiring, as in a few months the current

for lights can be furnished and then everyone will want lights

at once, and those whose houses are wired will of course get

lights first.

E. O. HALL & SON.

LIMITED.

COR. FORT & KING STS.

A FEW OF OUR SPECIALTIES.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF "SUPERIOR"

Stoves and Ranges

"EUREKA" RANGES,

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We solicit your patronage.

J. Emmeluth & Co.

No. 6 Nuuanu st., and 104 Merchant st.

## General Advertisements.

## Grand Display

— OF —

## SUMMER NECK-WEAR.

SPECIAL SALE

FOR ONE WEEK.

— OF —

100 doz. Four-in-hand Ties, 25c. Good value at 50c.

100 doz. do. do 35c. do. do 75c.

H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.

## Genuine Clearance Sale!

All Goods in our Large and Varied Stock Marked Down to the Lowest Prices.

Brewer Block.

EGAN & GUNN.

514 Fort Street.  
Call and see the bargains we are offering.

## EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of the United States

Offers Insurance on all the Popular Plans, viz.:

Ordinary Life Plan, Endowment Plan, Semi-Tontine Plan, Free Tontine Plan, Indemnity Bond Plan (C upon Bond at maturity, if desired), Endowment Bond Plan (5% guaranteed)

Tontine Instalment Plan (NEW, CHEAP and ATTRACTIVE), Joint Life Risks, Partnership Insurance, Children's Endowments, Annuities, Term Insurance, etc., etc. etc.

It will cost you nothing to call at the office of the undersigned, and make further inquiries. Should you conclude to insure, it will be money in your pocket.

Bruce & A. J. Cartwright,

Managers for the Hawaiian Islands EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society of U. S.

## CHILDREN AND INFANTS' Hats and Bonnets.

Immense Variety at

N. S. SACHS,

104 Fort Street - Honolulu.

CHILDREN'S CAMBRIC HATS, all colors, 60 cents and upwards; Lace-trimmed MULL HATS, in delicate shades, from \$1.25 upwards.

CHILDREN'S SILK HATS, POKES and BONNETS. CHILDREN'S LACE HATS and LEHORN FLATS.

INFANTS' LACE BONNETS, Infants' MULL BONNETS from 50 cents and upwards. SUN BONNETS in great variety at 25 cents and upwards.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES, neatly made at 60, 75 cents and upwards.

CHILDREN'S Silk and Cashmere COATS and WRAPS. Infants' Complete outfits.

77 3W

## Grand Clearance Sale!

Beginning SATURDAY, July 1st

A COMPLETE AND WELL SELECTED LINE OF

DRY and FANCY GOODS

Black and Colored Cashmeres, Merinos and Nunsveillings.

Lacons in great variety, White Dress Linens.

Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery!

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps.

A Fine Line of Laces and Embroideries

Japanese Crepes and Handkerchiefs, Chinese Silks, Pongees, Scarfs, Shawls and Matting.

ALSO, A SMALL LINE OF

Chinese Wicker Furniture

ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.

SING LOY & CO.,

51 and 53 King Street, below Maunakea.